

Intimations.

Materials and Workmanship Guaranteed.
Special experience in making Gentlemen's
Rimmed Boots.
Hongkong, 4th April, 1882.

Printed and Published by ROBERT FRASER-EMERSON,
at the "Freemason's Hall," in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.
June 2d, 1882.

I. I relied on that paper about a year, engaged in reporting—no particular class of reporting, simply what I was capable of at the age of 18, and in work that all young hands have to do. On leaving there I joined Mr. W. E. Baxter's South of England newspapers. There are a number of those papers.—The principal printing establishment is at Lewes. I was there for four and a half years and for two years of that time was sub-editor of the *County Chronicle* and *Mark Lane Express*. That paper has offices in the county towns of eight counties. During the remainder of that time I was engaged in reporting—attending county meetings, and descriptive writing generally. There was very little police court reporting amongst it. I left there to take the editorship and management of the *Rossmore News*, published in Lancashire. I held that position for a year and left to join the staff of the *London Daily Chronicle* as sub-editor and descriptive reporter. At the present time the *Daily Chronicle* has the largest circulation of any London daily with the exception of the *Times*. It used to be called the *Clerkenwell News*, but changed its name about a year before I went there. It changed its name after changing hands—the witness corrected himself and said—no, I cannot say whether it was under new management. All can say is that it is as respectable a paper as any I was ever connected with. I never saw any prize fights reported in it, nor did it refer to its contemporaries in abusive terms. Its Police Court reports were not published in the language of the ring or gambling saloon. It did not pander to the passions of the lowest class in its writing and I don't remember seeing any personal articles in the paper all the time I was there. I was there for two years and left to go to the *China Mail*. I received a testimonial and a presentation.—

Mr. Justice Russell.—I don't think there is any necessity for going into all this.

Mr. Francis.—My client is in this position, your lordship, that he wishes some of this to go into the public, to undo some of the harm that this sentence, which the defendant may have caused.—I don't wish to waste the time of the Court, but should like to put Mr. Bulgin in as strong a position as possible before the jury.

Mr. Justice Russell.—The plaintiff has given evidence that he has been connected with respectable newspapers, and I don't see that anything else can strengthen his position.

Examination continued.—I was three years on the *China Mail*, and when my engagement terminated Mr. Bain anxiously wished to renew it. When Mr. Bain made up his mind to go home, he sent for me to take up the position of manager and editor of the *China Mail*. So far as I am aware the persons who employed me in Yokohama and Shanghai had no reason to complain of my ability, and I should be surprised to hear that they have ever done so. I never said anything to Mr. Fraser-Smith about my having been engaged as a police court reporter on the *Clerkenwell News*, nor of having done any police reporting for that paper. I never had any conversation with him on the subject. I should like to make a statement in regard to that about—

Mr. Francis.—That will do. There is not the least occasion.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—In cross examination—How dare you say Mr. Bulgin?

Witness.—I am 32 years of age.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—How old were you when you left school?

Witness.—Eighteen.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—And you were employed one year on the *Challenger Times*, four and a half years on Mr. Baxter's South of England newspapers, (including two years as sub-editor of the *County Chronicle* and *Mark Lane Express*), one year on the *Rossmore News*, and two years on the *Daily Chronicle*?

Witness.—Yes.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—And it is more than seven years since you first joined the staff of the *China Mail*?

Witness.—Yes; I joined the *China Mail* in March 1876.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—If your sworn statements are correct you should be thirty-three and a half years old and not thirty-two as you have just said. How do you account for this extraordinary circumstance?

Witness, after some hesitation.—I don't know—I may have made a mistake as to when I left school.—I said I was about 18. It is a long time ago, and I may have made a mistake.

Mr. Francis.—The statements of the plaintiff are quite accurate. It is the defendant who is wrong in his figures.

Mr. Justice Russell.—No, there is an error of a year in the plaintiff's statement.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—The learned barrister's researches have evidently not been extended to the wide field of figures. Now Mr. Bulgin, you say that Mr. Murray Bain offered to renew your engagement on the *China Mail*?

Witness.—He offered to renew it on the understanding that it could be terminated by six month's notice on either side, and when I came through here on my way to Japan, he asked me to stay.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—Did Mr. Bain offer to re-engage you as editor, and on exactly the same terms as in your previous agreement?

Witness.—I was to be engaged that—

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—Be good enough to answer my question. Were you to have exactly the same authority that you had before—yes or no?

Witness.—Mr. Bain said—

Mr. Francis.—Why don't you answer the question—yes or no?

Witness.—Yes, I was, and more than that I was to have the same terms as in my last year's agreement.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—After leaving the *China Mail* you went to one of the Japanese papers I believe?

Witness.—A Yokohama paper—the *Yokohama Mail*. I was editor of that paper, on a three months agreement. I was only there one month. I cancelled the agreement for reasons. I would rather not make public. I then joined the Shanghai Courier as co-editor with Mr. Frazer. I did not join as reporter, but as editor. I did reporting work sometimes, as I did when I was on the *China Mail* and as I do now. I was on the *Courier* a year, my engagement being terminable at a month's notice, and I left to go to one of the English papers. It is not true that I was discharged. I sent in my resignation. I was in fact told off by Mr. Fraser-Smith, and leaving I could have the sole editorship by applying for it. I have never heard that Mr. Drummond expressed the opinion that I "would not do" for the *Courier*, and should be very much surprised if he said so. I have a letter from Mr. Drummond accepting my resignation.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—You say you never mentioned to me anything about your London Police Court reporting experiences in any way?

Witness.—I never told you I was Police Court reporter for the *Clerkenwell News*.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—Don't answer the question. Did you ever give me any information regarding your Police Court experiences in London prior to your first joining the *China Mail*?

Witness.—I did not say that I was Police Court reporter on the *Clerkenwell News*.

Mr. Fraser-Smith.—That is not what I asked you. Did you or did you not give me certain information both in conversation and by letter, regarding your police court reporting? Now remember you are on your oath.

Witness.—To the best of my belief I did not.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Answer me positively, did you or did you not?

Witness—I swear I never had any conversation with you on the subject.

The defendant handed in a letter sent to him by the plaintiff on Sept. 19th, 1878, in which the writer states that when he "was in London a certain Mrs. Pittendreich was constantly appearing at the police courts either in regard to cabmen or cats and dogs—a large number of which she insisted on keeping on her premises to the annoyance of neighbours—and that he (Bulgin) had frequently seen her in the police courts himself." The plaintiff admitted having written the letter.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Now Mr. Bulgin, having refreshed your memory with that letter, don't you consider it extremely probable that you had actually some conversation with me on the subject?

Witness—No, excepting that letter. I recollect the circumstance now—it was on one occasion when you sent in a criticism on—

Mr. Fraser-Smith—That is not the point. Do you not remember that you actually had some conversation with me about your police court experiences?

Witness—I cannot remember. I only gather I gave you some information from that letter.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Did you write this criticism (paragraph read) on the *Nagasaki Express*?

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Now when you wrote—"It is a mean and cowardly proceeding of which amateur journalists are frequently guilty, to make vituperative and senseless remarks concerning persons who do not act exactly in accordance with their wishes"—to whom did you allude?

Witness—The Editor of the *Rising Sun* and *Nagasaki Express*.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Is the editor of the *Nagasaki Rising Sun* an amateur journalist?

Witness—I believe so; the probabilities are—

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Never mind what the probabilities are; on what grounds do you base his character as a scandalous and insulting utterance?

Witness—I believe the editor of the *Rising Sun* is an amateur journalist.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—What are your reasons for believing that?—what is the editor's name?

Witness—I believe his name is Gribble, or something like that; that was the name of the editor when I was in Japan.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Tell us on what grounds you style this gentleman an amateur journalist?

Witness—I know something about him; from what I heard in Japan I believe him to be an amateur journalist.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Now tell me, when you wrote this did you not mean it to apply to me?

Witness—I cannot say at this date what was passing through my mind when I wrote the paragraph.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Please to answer my question?

Witness—I don't think you were in my mind at the time; I did not intend to apply it to you that am aware of.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Now, are you not aware that the manager and editor of the *Rising Sun* is a gentleman named Norman, who has probably been connected with journalism more years than you have lived? Give us some reasonable grounds for your alluding to this editor so offensively as an amateur journalist?

Witness—It was from my impressions. I had very little information about him.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—As a matter of fact you knew nothing whatever about him!

Witness—My impression was that it was the same gentleman who edited the paper when I was in Japan.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—And he is the same gentleman, and his name is Norman. Now were you not writing on something you knew nothing about?

Witness—I wrote from impressions and—

Mr. Fraser-Smith—I have had enough of your expressions; I want your oath. You used the extracts and paste with this *Nagasaki Express* extract?

Witness—Yes, I cut it from the *Nagasaki Express*, and pasted it on a piece of paper.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Don't you think it was a grave offence on your part to publish a glibbed extract after making such scandalous comments?

Witness—I am not aware.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—You are the author of the "Notes on Australasia, South Africa and Mauritius" by James Bulgin, reprinted from the *China Mail*, price thirty cents,

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Are you acquainted with the editor of the Shanghai *Mercury*?

Witness—I know a person named Macfarlane, who was, I believe, connected with that paper.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Do you know the present editor of the *Mercury*?

Witness—Yes, I know Mr. Rivington.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—Do you think that Mr. Rivington is likely to have any ill will against you?

Witness—I don't think he is likely to have any unfriendly feeling against me, as I never spoke to him in my life. I don't think he knows anything about me.

Mr. Fraser-Smith—I will read a paragraph concerning you which appeared in the *Mercury* sat April—

"**BULGIN HIMSELF AGAIN.**

"About four years ago a young man to Shanghai and joined the staff of the *Cornhill*. He had been a foreigner on the *Japan Mail*. Previous to that he had been three years on the *Singapore Free Press*. He was credit to impress upon his colleagues, in his first conversation he had with them, that during the day he was editor of the *China Mail*; he was leading a splendid career. We have been told he published a book or two on days holidays. This was a tolerably good blow from his own open trumpet, and we expected great things in the *Cornhill*, but as far as our knowledge goes, he has done nothing since. He has been here for some months, and he has not yet made a single article to England, and was not long there before he left. He was sent to the *Yokohama Specie Bank*. His work was again broken up. Mr. Murray Bain, editor and proprietor of the *China Mail*, has gone, and Mr. Bulgin has come out to take his place. We have been told he published a book or two on days holidays. 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known there would be no prosecution. The city press joins in condemning the arrest as one simply in the interests of the attacks of the Supreme Court, in execution of the wishes of Chinaman, when it was known there would be no prosecution.

LONDON, May 28th.

The *Times*' correspondent at Paris says: The country is thoroughly aroused concerning the Tonquin trouble. It is felt the time for reflection is past, and the only course for France is to act vigorously and, above all things, swiftly. The latest news from China is that 6,000 troops had arrived. European troops have already arrived at the Tonquin frontier, and the feeling throughout China is intensely hostile to the French.

PARIS, May 28th.

A duel with swords was fought between Delpit, a writer of Paris, and Alphonse Daudet, the well known novelist. The former was slightly wounded.

CAIRO, May 28th.

A committee has been formed to consider the project of the construction of the railway in South Arabia. There is an English and an American engineer on the committee.

BERNE, May 28th.

Professor Gabriel Gustave Valentine, the noted German physiologist, is dead.

NEW YORK, May 28th.

The *Herald's* special says: The *Cologne Gazette* published a comparative statement of the military strength of united Germany, Austria and Italy on the one hand, and of united Russia and France on the other. The *Cologne Gazette* demonstrates that, although a preponderance of figures on paper of battalions, squadrons and batteries is in favor of Russia and France, yet, considering that the armies of the Triple Alliance would, in the event of war, be commanded by one head, and they could easily concentrate over three million bayonets at any given point, the overwhelming balance of military strength with the Triple Alliance. The *Gazette* declares that the new Mitteleuropäische Dreieckbund could easily displace all Europe put together, and that no European question can hereafter be decided against its will. It concludes by saying that the Dreieckbund is a striking example of the maxim, "If you want peace, prepare for war."

NEW YORK, May 28th.

The *Herald's* Berlin special says: There is some excitement here concerning the contest of the Kaiser and the Pope. The Vatican's refusal of the Prussian note in terse language, is checked to the King, and revives the old feuds of the Guelphs and Ghibellines. The only concession that the Prussian note contained was a promise not to punish the priests who should violate the May laws by officiating without permission of the State authority. The note does not say a word about striking obnoxious laws from the statute books. Hence the note is regarded by the Holy See as a milk and water offer for a temporary truce, and not an honest effort to secure lasting peace.

BERLIN, May 28th.

It is reported Bismarck contemplates a radical remodeling of the entire Constitution of the Empire.

MOSCOW, March 28th.

An Imperial rescript issued to-day returns the thanks of the Czar to the Grand Duke Michael for his services and announces his appointment as a member of the Committee of Ministers. The rescript also says the Grand Duke Alexis is appointed Admiral in Chief of the Russian navy. The Czar also conferred numerous decorations and presents; only to distinguished officers of the Empire. A heavy fall of rain late last night interfered with the illuminations in honor of the coronation.

The Emperor drove through the streets last evening without an escort, to view the illuminations.

NEW YORK, May 28th.

A London cable to the *Tribune* states that the priests of Ireland, with few exceptions, are obeying the Pope's command not to aid the Parnell testimonial fund, and that while many speeches in support of the fund are made, not much money is given. The attempt of Parnell's supporters to make Errington and the English Ministers responsible for the Pope's circular, has failed. The Marquis of Lansdowne's appointment as Governor of Canada is praised.

DUBLIN, May 28th.

Farrall, one of the informers in the trial of the Phoenix Park murderers, has received £1,000 from the Government, and Michael Maganagh, the carman, another informant £200. Both will quit the country. James Carey, informer, and his brother Peter, will receive small sums for their services.

LONDON, May 28th.

At the Royal Academy, the Americans are among the readiest buyers. Millais' "One of the Grande Dame" sold for \$10,000, and Fadd's "Boys Together" brought \$1,200.

LONDON, May 29th.

The correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* says: The Pope has confirmed the appointment of Very Rev. Thomas J. Carr, Rector of Weymouth College, to the Bishopric of Galway after being assured that he was not connected with the agitation in Ireland.

The American bark *Stenwall Jackson* from Portland, Oregon, while being towed to Hartlepool, was wrecked on Red Carrock, and filled. The crew were saved. It is expected the vessel will be a total wreck.

It is reported the French Government has assured Great Britain that they do not intend to annex Tonquin, but that they will uphold their treaty obligations and exact full satisfaction from the Emperor of Annam at the capital of that country.

The British sloop of war *Dragon* left Odin for Amatav, Madagascar, last evening.

PARIS, May 29th.

The proposed Suez Canal Company state that the British Government declares that the arrangements for the new canal must receive the approval of the shareholders of the Company before it can be carried out.

MOSCOW, May 28th.

The enthusiasm of the people over the successful coronation ceremonies is unbounded. Crowds constantly are seen under the windows of the Kremlin cheering heartily for the Czar.

ZURICH, May 29th.

The people of Zurich have by a popular vote sanctioned a bill providing for the restoration of capital punishment.

YANGCHAU.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

June 11th, 1882.

Referring to a contemplated return to the city of Tai-fai, a brother missionary writes: "The attitude of the people to the Roman Catholics is against us. Lately there have been serious riots at two places, each two days journey from Tai-fai, and I hear on the authority of the Roman Catholics here that M. Terrance and 80 converts have lost their lives. I have lived six months among Roman Catholic converts (in the same locality) in Tai-fai, and know a little of their customs, irritating ways towards their neighbours and fellow citizens; and their habit of hiding for protection under the wing of Tai-fai kwah (France)."

"Poor Mr. Terrance visited us after a riot in his place last year. Poor fellow! He said he was sick of these quarrels, and tired of his life; and that the best thing any one could give him would be a coffin."

I pity these French priests in being obliged to live such lonely lives. They are not allowed to go home for change—have no wives—troubled by constant rows among their converts; &c. and as a result, I believe many covet a martyr's crown."

I am afraid there is some truth in the report of trouble in Yunnan:

The rumour among the people here to-day is that the French have taken possession of Tongking. The French Minister has left Peking, and there is danger of war between France and China.—*Star in the East.*

MAILS EXPECTED.

THE INDIAN MAIL.

The two direct steamers, with the Indian mails, left Calcutta on the morning of the 17th instant, and are due here on or about the 4th proximo.

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

The Union Line steamer *Oxfordshire*, from London, left Singapore on the afternoon of the 20th instant, and is due here on the 27th.

The Ocean Steamship Co.'s steamer *Ulysses*, from Liverpool, left Singapore on the 21st instant, and may be expected here on the 28th.

The D. D. R. steamer *Iphigenia* left Singapore on the 23rd instant, and may be expected here on or about the 30th.

The Scottish Oriental Company's steamer *Taichow* left Glasgow on the 17th May, and may be expected to arrive here about the 4th July.

To-day's Advertisements.

FOR MANILA (DIRECT).

THE Spanish Steamer

"PASIG,"

Captain Aguir, will be despatched for the above port, TO-DAY, the 26th instant, at FIVE P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

REMEDIOS & Co.

Hongkong, 23rd June, 1883. [495]

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail Steamship

"CITY OF TOKIO."

will be despatched for San Francisco via Yokohama on TUESDAY, the 26th instant, at THREE P.M., taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, and Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States, via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines Steamers.

RETURN PASSAGES.—Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Francisco for China or Japan (or *vice versa*) within six months, will be allowed a discount of 20 per cent. from Return Fare if re-embarking within one year, an allowance of 10 per cent. will be made from Return Fare. Pre-Paid Return Passage Orders, available for one year, will be issued at a Discount of 25 per cent. from Return Fare. *These allowances do not apply to through fares from China and Japan to Europe.*

Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. on the 9th July. Parcel Packages will be received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Overland cargo should be sent to the Company's Offices. Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 50A, Queen's Road Central.

F. E. FOSTER,
Agent.

Hongkong, 26th June, 1883. [1]

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF Cargo per Steamship

"CITY OF TOKIO."

The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their bills of Lading for Countersignature and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

F. E. FOSTER,
Agent.

Hongkong, 26th June, 1883. [1]

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

THE "HONAM" will make a Trip to Macao and Back, on SUNDAY, the 1st July, leaving Hongkong at 8 A.M. and Macao at 4 P.M. First-class Fare to Macao and Back 22. No second-class. Tickets to be purchased at the Company's Office.

The Macao Hotel will be prepared to supply breakfast to the Excursionists. A few can have breakfast on board the steamer by leaving notice at the office, addressed to the Purser *Honam*, no later than 5 P.M. on THURSDAY the 28th inst.

By Order,
P. A. DA COSTA,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 26th June, 1883. [505]

"CLARIDGE'S HOTEL."

BROOK STREET, LONDON, W.

THE above is a Commodious and Suitable HOTEL for FAMILIES and GENTLEMEN returning home from the Far East. It is under the personal able Management of Mr. and Mrs. GEORGE PRAGNELL who spare no pains in providing their visitors with every possible comfort. TERMS, MODERATE. [502]

ROYAL YORK-HOTEL

OLD STYKE, BRIGHTON, ENGLAND.

THE above HOTEL is Centrally situated, with Suitable Rooms and ample accommodation for travellers, especially those coming from Eastern Countries. FAMILIES and GENTLEMEN will find every comfort they can wish for at the above establishment, at STRICTLY MODERATE CHARGES.

A. HOADLY,

**To-day's
Advertisements.**



**CHIARINI'S ROYAL
ITALIAN CIRCUS**

AND
PERFORMING ANIMALS!

**THIS EVENING,
AT NINE P.M.**

GRAND PERFORMANCE
WITH
AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
comprising
MANY-STARTLING NOVELTIES:-
THE GOODRICH TROUPE
OF
AMERICAN SKATERS!!!
in their magnificent performance, comprising
every variety of fancy figure
SKATING.

THE TRIPLE TRAPEZE,
By the great ONZALO FAMILY!!!

THE TWO PERFORMING
ELEPHANTS,
from Ceylon, in a performance worthy of their
distinguished relative,
THE GREAT JUMBO.

COMIC MUSICAL INTERLUDE.

FLIRTATION,
by Mdlle. ELISE ONZALO and Mr. SARONY.



THE FEROCIOUS ROYAL BENGAL
TIGERS,
AND THEIR INTREPID TAMER,
HERR NEILS LORENZ JOHNSEN,
will be shown for the first time this evening.

THE MAGNIFICENT ENGLISH HORSE
"CAPTAIN,"
introduced by the King of Horse Trainers,
SIGNOR GIUSEPPE CHIARINI.

CORNET SOLO
BY
HERR VON DER MEHDEN.



PRICES OF ADMISSION!

Boxes, Six Chairs	\$12.00.
Chairs (Dress Circle)	2.00.
Stalls, Carpeted Seats	1.00.
Pit	0.50.

Children under 10 years and Soldiers under
the rank of Officers, half price, except to Boxes.

A reserved division of the Carpeted and Pit
seats has been arranged for Native Ladies. (To
which they alone will be admitted.)

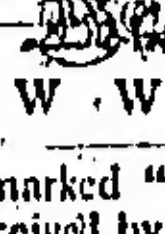
A Plan of the Seats can be seen at MAR-
CANDE'S HAIRDRESSING SALOON,
HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS, where Tickets
will be on Sale Daily from 9 A.M. till 4 P.M.,
accommodating Parties who may wish to secure
seats in advance.

Doors open at 7.30 P.M. Performance
commence at 9 punctually.

C. AGRATI,
General Agent.

Hongkong, 26th June, 1883.

Intimations.


NEW WORKS.

TENDERS marked "Tender for Boat Slip" will be received by the Undersigned up to O'CLOCK P.M. of to-morrow proximo, for Construction of a NEW BOAT SLIP at the NAVAL YARD, HONGKONG, according to Plan and Specification which can be seen on application at the Storekeeper's Office.

The right to reject the lowest or any Tender reserved.

WILLIAM HYNES,
Acting Storekeeper.

H.M. Naval Yard,
Hongkong, 23rd June, 1883. [500]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

M. R. F. VINCENT'S WINE AND SPIRIT STORE and also the **BAKERY** now at No. 8, PEEL STREET, will be REMOVED from 1st July next, to No. 24, PRAYA CENTRAL.

HONGKONG, 8th June, 1883. [451]

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE DIRECTORS are now prepared to receive **TENDERS** from suitable persons for a term of FIVE YEARS, for the lease of the HONGKONG HOTEL, with FURNITURE complete.

The Building (together with a powerful passenger lift), will comprise after the proposed alterations and additions have been completed,

THE BASEMENT.

Two Grand Entrances from Pedder's Street & Queen's Road. Bar, Billiard, Reading and Smoking Rooms with separate Entrance from Pedder's Street.

A handsomely fitted up Ladies' Room, for the use of visitors and others.

Manager's and General Office, Kitchens and Store Rooms.

&c. &c. &c.

FIRST FLOOR.

A Public Dining Room capable of dining up to 170 persons at the same time.

A LARGE BREAKFAST ROOM.

FIVE elegant and beautifully fitted up suites of ROOMS, consisting of a Private DINING ROOM, DRAWING ROOM, CARD ROOM, READING ROOM, and BILLIARD ROOM.

TEN Bed Rooms with a Bathroom to each.

SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS

Five each, 26 lofty, well ventilated and lighted Bed Rooms, opening out to large Verandahs with commodious Bath Room for each room.

All the Passages and Corridors throughout the premises are wide and well lighted, most of the furniture will be new and made expressly for the estate.

The special attention of Hotel Keepers and others is drawn to the unusual advantages offered.

Tenders to state sum per annum, and to include taxes. No Tender under \$3,500 per annum will be entertained by the Directors.

HONGKONG, 16th April, 1883. [292]

MACAO.

WANTED TO RENT.

FOR Two Months during the Summer, a FURNISHED RESIDENCE in MACAO the Praia Grande preferred.

Send Particulars to

C. B. A.
Care of Hongkong Telegraph.
Hongkong, 21st June, 1883.

LOST.

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON between Murray Pier and Government House, GOLD LOCKET, with MONOGRAM and EST.

The Finder will be REWARDED, if necessary, RETURNING the same to the HONGKONG TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

HONGKONG, 4th April, 1883. [260]

FOR SALE.

S.S. "YORKSHIRE" and CONNECTING STEAMERS FROM OPORTO.

SMALL INVOICE OF GUEDES' WELL KNOWN "3 GRAPES" FORT WINE.

Apply to

F. J. V. JORGE.
Hongkong, 14th June, 1883. [466]

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.

REGION PINE SPARS AND LUMBER ALWAYS ON HAND.

L. MALLORY,
Proprietor.

Hongkong, 24th June, 1881. [501]

J. M. GUEDES.

HOUSE AND LAND BROKER, AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION AGENT.

No. 33, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. [3]

GUEDES & CO.
PRINTERS, STATIONERS, AND BOOKBINDERS.
D'AGUILAR STREET.

EVERY KIND OF WORK EXECUTED WITH ACCURACY, NEATNESS, AND DESPATCH ON VERY MODERATE TERMS.

SELECTED MATERIALS FOR MARKET REPORTS

at binding and Ruling in every style executed at low rates. Workmanship Guaranteed.

Hongkong, 23rd August, 1882. [4]

G. FALCONER & CO.
WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS CHARTS AND BOOKS.

No. 45, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL [471]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.
CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-MAKERS.

JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND OPTICIANS.

CHARTS AND BOOKS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Sole Agents

Louis Audemars' Watches awarded the highest Prize at every Exhibition; and for Veiglander and Sohn's CELEBRATED OREGA GLASSES, MARINE GLASSES and STEREOGLASSES.

No. 28, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

